



## EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ESWATINI Eswatini Primary Certificate Examination

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**SOCIAL STUDIES**

**515/01**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

**October/November 2020**

**1 hour 30 minutes**

Additional Materials required: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet  
Soft pencil (B or HB)  
Soft clean eraser

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### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

1. Use a soft pencil.
2. Write your name, **Centre number and candidate number** on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
3. Answer **all** questions.
4. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C and D**.
5. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the Answer Sheet.

Example:

If you think **C** is the right answer, mark the lozenge like this:

1	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u><b>C</b></u>	<u>D</u>
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6. Thoroughly erase mistakes when making changes to an answer.
7. Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

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This document consists of **12** printed pages.

1. In which year did Eswatini celebrate 50 years of independence?
  - A 2015
  - B 2002
  - C 2018
  - D 2014
  
2. Which of the following kings ruled when a lot of Europeans came to Eswatini?
  - A King Mbandzeni
  - B King Mswati II
  - C King Bhunu
  - D King Sobhuza II
  
3. Which of the following sentences best describes what colonialism is?
  - A A process of acquiring land
  - B A process of building a house
  - C A process of visiting a place
  - D A process of making rules
  
4. Which of the following countries was **NOT** colonised by the British?
  - A Lesotho
  - B Zimbabwe
  - C Zambia
  - D Angola
  
5. What is the name given to a person who leaves his/her country because of war, religious beliefs or political beliefs?
  - A Volunteer
  - B Tourist
  - C Refugee
  - D Missionary

6. What do we call the agreements signed to allow people to use land?
- A Conclusions
  - B Concessions
  - C Commercials
  - D Colonialists
7. Which African country was the first to get independence?
- A Egypt
  - B Ghana
  - C Sudan
  - D Nigeria
8. How are important people remembered in society?
- A Building schools
  - B Naming buildings
  - C Naming children
  - D Starting businesses
9. What name is given to a combination of England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland?
- A United Kingdom
  - B Soviet Union
  - C United States
  - D Europe
10. In which year did the war between the Boers and the British end?
- A 1918
  - B 1968
  - C 1945
  - D 1902

11. What instrument is used to measure the amount of rainfall received in an area?
- A Compass
  - B Thermometer
  - C Rain gauge
  - D Wind vane
12. Which of the following climate is normally found in the Western side of continents?
- A Tropical Savannah
  - B Deserts
  - C Mediterranean
  - D Equatorial
13. What type of migration involves people moving from rural to urban areas?
- A Rural-urban migration
  - B Seasonal migration
  - C Urban-rural migration
  - D International migration
14. Which **one** of the following is **NOT** the importance of oceans to countries where they are found?
- A They regulate climate
  - B They are a source of income
  - C They are a source of war
  - D They are a source food
15. In which climatic region do people use shifting agriculture?
- A Tropical rain forest
  - B Hot deserts
  - C Temperate grassland
  - D Tropical grassland

16. How can the effects of a drought be prevented?
- A Conserving water
  - B Constructing buildings
  - C Listening to the radio
  - D Moving to an open-space
17. Which climate produces citrus fruits as a major crop?
- A Semi-Desert
  - B Mediterranean
  - C Hot Desert
  - D Temperate Grassland
18. Why the 0 degree line of longitude is also called the Greenwich meridian?
- A It divides the earth
  - B It passes through Greenwich
  - C It crosses the equator
  - D It passes through Gabon
19. Which of the following is the first step when measuring a straight-line distance?
- A Continue until you get to point B
  - B Align the paper along the straight portions of the curved line
  - C Place a mark on the strip of paper and on the map
  - D Move the paper to the line scale to get the distance
20. In which year was the Disaster Management Agency formed in Eswatini?
- A 2008
  - B 2000
  - C 1998
  - D 2010

21. Which member of the traditional government is responsible for summoning members of the inner council in Eswatini?
- A Bucopho
  - B Indvuna
  - C Bandlancane
  - D Umgijimi
22. What is the function of the executive arm of government in Eswatini?
- A To provide Justice
  - B To provide education
  - C To make policies
  - D To make laws
23. In which region of Eswatini are the offices of the Judiciary arm of government found?
- A Manzini
  - B Lubombo
  - C Shiselweni
  - D Hhohho
24. Which of the following social services is provided by clinics to the people of Eswatini?
- A Policing
  - B Health
  - C Education
  - D Water
25. What do we call the process of changing a constitution from time to time?
- A Amending
  - B Reviewing
  - C Developing
  - D Consulting

26. Which **one** of the following words best describes that “everyone is equal before the law”?
- A Judgment
  - B Power
  - C Peace
  - D Justice
27. Why are human rights also said to be universal rights?
- A Every People must choose them
  - B Every human being is entitled to them
  - C Every human practice them
  - D Every human being has to learn them
28. Why is a leader important in a community?
- A To organize things for his family
  - B To divide people
  - C To give guidance to people
  - D To pay rent for people
29. Which arm of the Eswatini government consists of members of parliament?
- A Legislature
  - B Judiciary
  - C Executive
  - D Traditional
30. What do we call a place where voters go to cast their votes during an election?
- A Ballot
  - B Polling station
  - C Inkhundla
  - D National election

- 31.** Which of the following combinations are the ways by which human beings affect the environment?
1. Over pollution.
  2. Global warming.
  3. Water pollution.
  4. Deforestation.
  5. Climate Change.
  6. Genetic modification.
- A** 1, 2, 3 and 4  
**B** 1, 4, 5 and 6  
**C** 3, 4, 5 only  
**D** 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6
- 32.** Which environmental law is against illegal trade in endangered species?
- A** Ozone Depleting Substances Regulation 2000  
**B** Water Pollution Regulations 2001  
**C** CITES  
**D** Waste Regulation 2000
- 33.** If the ozone layer was to break down, what kind of disease would people be likely to suffer from?
- A** Breast cancer  
**B** Lung cancer  
**C** Skin cancer  
**D** Eye cancer
- 34.** Which of the following phrases best describes what the term “biodiversity” means?
- A** Variety of soils and plants  
**B** Variety of harmful plants and animals  
**C** Variety of Plants and people  
**D** Variety of plants and animals



- 35.** Which of the following is likely to cause conflict over natural resources?
- A** Denying people access to resources
  - B** Discussing with others
  - C** Fighting one another
  - D** Preserving natural resources
- 36.** How is overgrazing a problem in Eswatini?
- A** It causes overstocking
  - B** It causes soil fertility
  - C** It causes deforestation
  - D** It causes soil erosion
- 37.** Which of the following soil management practices is important for keeping moisture in the soil?
- A** Using proper ploughing methods
  - B** Using mulch
  - C** Using cover crops
  - D** Using manure
- 38.** Which of the following dams of Eswatini is supplied by water from the Nkomati River?
- A** Maguga Dam
  - B** Sand River Dam
  - C** Luphohlo Dam
  - D** Mnjoli Dam
- 39.** What name is given to trees that grow naturally in an area?
- A** Indigenous trees
  - B** Human-made trees
  - C** Exotic trees
  - D** Wattle trees

40. Why is it important for human beings to conserve plants?
- A They use water from the soil
  - B They produce energy
  - C They produce oxygen
  - D They produce carbon dioxide
41. Which of the following people is responsible for lending out money?
- A Entrepreneur
  - B Financier
  - C Business owner
  - D Vendor
42. Which of the following is **NOT** one of the characteristics that a business owner should have?
- A Hard working
  - B Get along with others
  - C Hate what they do
  - D Believe in what he does
43. Which of the following financial terms best describes money paid for goods and services?
- A Expenses
  - B Debt
  - C Loan
  - D Income
44. Why are auto-teller machines important for people living in a country like Eswatini?
- A They allow people to withdraw only a small amount
  - B They charge people for every cash withdrawal they make
  - C They allow people to do banking at any time
  - D They allow other people to withdraw money if they get a pin

- 45.** What do we call the process of collecting information on a business idea and to check whether people will buy goods and services?
- A** Market research
  - B** Target research
  - C** Capital research
  - D** Investor research
- 46.** In which part of a business plan are we likely to find the name of a business?
- A** Marketing plan
  - B** Executive summary
  - C** Introductory page
  - D** Financial plan
- 47.** Which of the following is the main reason why people produce goods and services?
- A** To find out market needs
  - B** To entertain people
  - C** To meet people's wants
  - D** To meet needs and wants
- 48.** What is a large factory that employs a lot of people called?
- A** Small enterprise
  - B** Large enterprise
  - C** Medium enterprise
  - D** Manufacturing enterprise

- 49.** What type of tax is paid by both people who earn a salary and those who are unemployed?
- A** Income tax
  - B** Import tax
  - C** Graded tax
  - D** Customs tax
- 50.** Why are trading businesses important in a country?
- A** They buy goods
  - B** They manufacture goods
  - C** They export goods
  - D** They sell goods